
CRIMES COMPENSATION BOARD

Annual Report **March 31, 1986**

FOR THE PERIOD APRIL 1, 1985 TO MARCH 31, 1986

Alberta
ATTORNEY GENERAL

Copies of this report may be obtained from :

Crimes Compensation Board
7th Floor, J.E. Brownlee Building
10365 - 97 Street
Edmonton, Alberta
T5J 3W7
Telephone: 427-7217

or

Attorney General Communications Branch
3rd Floor, Bowker Building
9833 - 109 Street
Edmonton, Alberta
T5K 2E8
Telephone: 427-8530

The Crimes Compensation Board Summary

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD APRIL 1, 1985 TO MARCH 31, 1986

Alberta
ATTORNEY GENERAL

THE BOARD

BRUCE V. MASSIE, Q.C. - CHAIRMAN

BORIS A. NAHORNICK, M.D. - VICE CHAIRMAN

TERENCE J. NUGENT - MEMBER

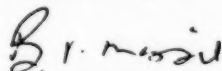
November 1, 1986

The Honourable James D. Horsman, Q.C.,
Attorney General of Alberta
Legislature Building
Edmonton, Alberta

Dear Sir:

I submit herewith the Annual Report of the Crimes Compensation Board for the period April 1, 1985 to March 31, 1986.

Respectfully submitted,



Bruce V. Massie, Q.C.,
Chairman

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INTRODUCTION

The Criminal Injuries Compensation Act was enacted in 1969 to provide assistance to victims of violent crime who suffer financial loss as a direct result of injuries or death.

The Crimes Compensation Board, established under The Criminal Injuries Compensation Act, consists of three members appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, one of whom must be a barrister and solicitor. The present members of the Board are: B.V. Massie, Q.C., Chairman; Dr. B.A. Nahornick, Vice-Chairman and T.J. Nugent, Member.

The Board is directed to hold hearings in the presence of the victim to review claims. Although proceedings are informal, any false statement made to the Board is punishable by a fine not exceeding \$500. Evidence is obtained from reports by police, hospitals, doctors, dentists, employers and income tax returns in addition to statements from the applicant and witnesses, if required.

The Board may make orders for compensation when injury or death is a direct result of an act or omission of another person that occurred in Alberta and is within the description of any of the criminal offences set out in Schedule 1 of the Act or to a person who attempts to make an arrest or prevents or attempts to prevent the commission of a criminal offence or assists a peace officer in so doing.

The Board may compensate for damages to or loss of property consisting of clothing or eyeglasses worn at the time of offence. By an amending Act in force after May 4, 1982, the Board may compensate up to \$10,000 for loss of or damage to property caused while a peace officer is endeavoring to prevent a criminal offence or arrest an offender for the commission of a criminal offence set out in Schedule 1 of the Act.

Claims may be considered by the Board if the crimes and injury occurred in Alberta, the details have been reported to the police within a reasonable time, the claim is received by the Board within one year of the injury or death, and the loss for which the claim is made exceeds \$100.

An applicant must consent to a medical examination if required by the Board and allow the Board to conduct inquiries to verify any statements made.

The Board cannot compensate for injuries caused by motor vehicles except where a spouse is killed as a result of criminal negligence on the part of the operator or because the operator was driving while impaired.

Generally the Board's jurisdiction is limited to awarding compensation for pecuniary loss suffered by the victim, such as loss of wages or loss of support by a dependant of the victim, and expenses incurred by the victim or others on his or her behalf.

Compensation as damages for physical disability, disfigurement or pain and suffering can only be awarded if the victim was arresting a person or preventing that person from committing a criminal offence. In most cases police officers are the recipients of such awards.

APPLICATIONS AND DECISIONS

The number of applications declined slightly during the last year, to 303 from 330 (233 male applicants, 70 female). Residents of other provinces accounted for 16 claims, and two claims came from the United States. Of the 303 applications, 275 were for personal injury, 26 for death benefits, and two for property damage.

The number of decisions made and recorded by the Board was 422. Payments based on these decisions totalled \$793,794. Loss of earnings accounted for more than 57 per cent of this total.

As medical and hospital expenses of most victims were covered by provincial health plans, medical expenses paid by the Board were mainly for dental work and ambulance service.

The violent crimes most frequently giving rise to applications were:

- Assault Causing Bodily Harm
- Robbery
- Murder
- Attempted Murder
- Assaulting a Police Officer
- Common Assault

REFUSED AWARDS

Twenty-four applicants were refused awards. Examples of refused awards are outlined below:

Decision #2680-85 **Application No. 279-7**

This was an application by a female, age 36, for compensation for injuries sustained January 29, 1984. Her ex-boyfriend came to her home and assaulted her for three hours by choking her, pushing her to the floor and against the furniture. She escaped to her neighbor's and claims she called the police. There is no record of this call. She claims that some months later she developed back pain and could not work. Medical reports indicate her injuries probably consisted of a contusion. On September 12, 1984, the applicant reported the matter to the police, but as this was more than six months after the incident, summary proceedings under the Criminal Code could not be taken. As the Board was not satisfied that the applicant suffered injuries which resulted in any pecuniary loss of earnings and as the matter was not reported to the police within a reasonable period of time, no award was made.

Decision #2705-85 **Application No. 253-7**

This was an application by a male, age 32, for compensation for injuries he alleges he received December 13, 1984. The applicant claims he was assaulted by two men and had two teeth knocked out. He was very abusive to police when they arrived at the scene. The examining nurse at the hospital found no serious lacerations and no evidence of dental damage. The applicant was so belligerent, he was incarcerated for the night. The dentist's report indicates that on examination on an unspecified date, the applicant had two teeth missing and three others loose. There is no proof that these teeth were damaged in the alleged assault of December 13. As the Board was not satisfied the applicant was injured by the commission of a criminal offence, no award was made.

Decision #2767-85 & #2768-85
Application Nos. 021-8 & 012-8

These were applications by two males, ages 41 and 42, for injuries sustained by them September 16, 1984. A third male arrived at the residence with a bottle of liquor and a revolver. When one of the applicants reached for the bottle, the offender, who was under the influence of liquor and drugs, shot both applicants and fled. One applicant attended the courthouse under subpoena, but left before he was heard. At the preliminary hearing, the other applicant advised it was an accident and wanted the charges dropped. As the applicants did not cooperate with the law enforcement agency and as the Board could not find they had suffered any pecuniary loss, no awards were made.

Decision #2836-85
Application No. 146-8

This was an application by a male, age 28, for injuries sustained by him April 5, 1985. The applicant was involved in a scuffle with persons outside his home. These persons got into their car and left the scene at a high speed. The applicant ran to the lane in a nearby street in an attempt to get the licence plate number. He was struck by the vehicle and received serious injuries. The offenders were charged with various offences. Pursuant to Section 9(3)(b) of the Act, the Board can not make an order for payment of compensation for offences arising out of the operation of a motor vehicle. The application was therefore dismissed.

MONTHLY AWARDS

The Board feels confident that its power to make awards on a monthly basis is a valuable remedy. Awards of this type provide monthly payments to a victim suffering a continued disability or, in the case of a claim for death benefits, to the dependants of a victim.

There are many instances in which payment of a lump sum to a victim would be inappropriate, particularly in times of inflation. A monthly payment involves an annual review by the Board, when amendments can be made as circumstances change.

At present, 50 victims are receiving monthly payments, ranging from \$21 to \$2,300 depending on the former earning capacity of the victim. Following are examples of monthly awards made this year:

Decision #688f-85
Application No. 165-76

Applicant, female, was the wife of a man killed July 3, 1976, while a passenger in a motor vehicle driven by an impaired driver. The applicant and her husband were treaty Indians living on a reserve. The applicant, who suffers from arthritis, does some work on the reserve. The Federal Department of Indian Affairs paid most of the funeral expenses. The applicant supports her mentally handicapped son and both receive \$100 a month from oil rights. The Board made the following awards: March, 1977 - \$100 per month, \$667 funeral expenses, and \$250 counsel fees and travelling expenses; April, 1978 - \$125 per month, \$250 counsel fee and travelling expenses; March, 1979 - \$150 per month, \$25 counsel fee and travelling expenses; June, 1980 - \$200 per

month and \$50 counsel fee; September, 1982 - \$220 per month and \$25 counsel fee; August, 1984 - \$220 a month and \$50 counsel fee; September, 1985 - \$50 counsel fee. As the applicant began receiving old age pension, monthly payments were discontinued September 1, 1985. Total awarded: \$19,342.

Decision #2432-84
Applicant No. 344-6

Applicant, male, as guardian and trustee of his sister's estate, claimed compensation for injuries received by her on April 23, 1983. The victim, age 38, was assaulted by her common-law husband. She suffered serious brain damage and was comatose for a long period. She requires custodial care on a permanent basis. As the victim was not employed at the time of the assault, the claim

is limited to the cost of her maintenance. In August, 1984, the Board awarded the applicant \$677.06 for medical expenses and legal fees, and \$255 per month. In August, 1985, the Board increased the monthly award to \$325 and awarded the applicant \$25 for his expenses in attending the hearing.

Total paid to date: \$6,037.06

Decision #2253-84
Application No. 167-6

Applicant, female, of Penticton, British Columbia, is the wife of a man murdered February 17, 1983. The Public Trustee applied for funeral expenses and the wife applied for support for herself and the couple's two children. In February, 1984, the Board awarded \$250 a month for pecuniary loss to dependants retroactive to the victim's death and \$100 counsel fee. The application was reviewed in March, 1985, and March, 1986, and the Board ordered that the monthly sum of \$250 continue to be paid to the applicant.

Total paid to date: \$9,100.

Decision #1043h-85
Application No. 074-1

Victim, male, age 39, was in bed October 19, 1977, when he heard someone in his room. An assailant struck the victim on the head. The blow caused brain damage, leaving the victim with physical and mental handicaps. He was a qualified electrician and needs retraining. In June, 1979, \$35 was paid for a medical report. In August, 1979, the Board decided to defer any pecuniary loss to a later stage of the victim's recovery. The victim was receiving benefits from two British Columbia organizations. The victim returned to Alberta, was undergoing rehabilitation and later attended an employment preparation centre. By decisions dated August, 1980; November, 1982; April, 1983; November, 1983; October, 1984; and the Board ordered payment of \$600 a month. Application to be reviewed in October, 1986. In December, 1982, \$60 was awarded for a medical report. Total paid to date: \$39,695.

INTERIM AWARDS

An interim award is a lump sum payment made when no permanent disability is expected from injuries sustained, but is usually serious enough to warrant a reassessment of the applicant's condition in six months. In the last fiscal year, 27 interim awards were granted by the Board. Following are examples:

Decision #2919-86

Application No. 225-8

Victim, female, age 45, was stabbed 27 times December 12, 1984, by one of her mentally retarded adult boarders. The victim was maintaining a home for troubled children and mentally retarded adults. As a result of physical and mental problems arising from this attack, she is severely restricted in operating this home. The Board made the following award: medication -\$175, medical report - \$45, damage to clothing-\$80, medical treatment -\$68, taxis -\$17, loss of earnings -\$4,500. This application is to be reviewed in six months.

Total paid to date: \$4,885.

Decision #2706-85

Application No. 267-7

Victim, female, age 57, was brutally assaulted November 13, 1984. The assailant was charged with aggravated sexual assault and attempted murder. The victim sustained multiple penetrating wounds of her scalp. She has some use of her left leg, but little movement of her left arm. She requires physiotherapy and may require further surgery. Her husband has had to hire an attendant to assist her. In June, 1985, the Board awarded the husband \$3,258.12 and \$60 for a medical report. In September, 1985, the Board awarded a further \$3,513.12 for travel expenses to the hospital and for two attendants. A further \$60 was paid for another medical report. In October, 1985, the Board awarded the sum of \$3,950 as partial payment for a car which could accommodate a wheelchair. In March, 1985, an additional \$7,105.82 was awarded for travel expenses and for the employment of attendants. The case is to be reviewed when a further medical report is received.

Total paid to date: \$17,947.06.

Decision #2864-85

Application No. 075-8

Victim, male, age 52, was assaulted January 17, 1985. He sustained multiple contusions and a fracture of the left leg. The victim was in hospital until May 3, 1985, and is undergoing therapy daily. The Board made the following award: ambulance - \$20, damage to clothing - \$100, hospital admission fee - \$10, crutches and canes - \$30, taxis - \$25, loss of earnings to the end of December, 1985 - \$3,578.40. This application will be reviewed in six months.

Total paid to date: \$3,763.40.

Decision #2725-85

Application No. 260-7

Victim, male, age 53, was attacked and hit on the neck in his grocery store January 18, 1984. Since the attack, the victim has not been able to lift packages over 15 kg. His doctor reports the victim has unstable spinal articulation, for which he has not undergone therapy. The Board directed in July, 1985, that the victim undergo an examination by a specialist. The Board ordered an interim award of \$500 to the victim and \$60 for a medical report. A further \$125 was awarded in November, 1985, for another medical report, in which the doctor stated the victim's back pain was probably caused by arthritis and not the assault. The Board declined to make any further award.

Total paid: \$685.

FINAL AWARDS

A final award is a one-time payment to cover a victim's loss of earnings and expenses resulting from a crime where the applicant is able to return to work with no decrease in earnings. There were 246 final payments awarded in the last fiscal year. Following are examples:

Decision #2745-85**Application Nos. 326-7 and 327-7**

Applicant, male, claims funeral expenses for his parents who were murdered February 6, 1985. The Board awarded the maximum \$2,000 funeral expenses for each parent plus the cost of attending the hearing, \$150. Total award: \$4,150.

Decision #2684-85**Application No. 247-7**

Victim, male, age 30, asked three strangers for directions to a hotel, December 6, 1984. The victim was lured into a parking lot where he was beaten, stabbed and robbed. He suffered a stab wound to the abdomen which required surgery and hospitalization for seven days. The claim is limited to medical and hospital expenses as he was not covered by a provincial health care plan. The Board awarded the following: glasses - \$141; hospital admission fee - \$10; medication - \$8.47; hospital account - \$2,555; ambulance - \$127; medical fee and report - \$743; anaesthetic fee - \$250. Total award: \$3,834.47.

Decision #2844-85**Application No. 100-8**

Applicant, female, age 24, and her son were held at gunpoint May 28, 1985, by her estranged husband. She managed to escape with the child. The husband resisted police arrest and the police fired tear gas into the residence. Applicant incurred expenses for cleaning furniture and clothing. Total award: \$238.00.

Decision #2747-85**Application No. 306-7**

Victim, female, age 25, was walking home April 1, 1984 when she was sexually assaulted, violently beaten and left for dead. The victim suffered from hypothermia, hypotensive shock due to large blood loss, extensive lacerations of the scalp and damage to her teeth. The Board awarded the following: transportation to doctors - \$78.20; glasses - \$120.76; contact lenses - \$90; medication - \$22.90; dental work - \$508.12; damage to clothing - \$180; required cosmetics - \$33; expenses to attend hearing - \$56; medical report - \$60; dental report - \$45; ambulance - \$94.50. Provisions were made for future dental work due to her injuries. Total award: \$2,674.48.

Decision #2926-86**Application No. 166-8**

Victim, male, age 19, was assaulted May 8, 1984, by a fellow prisoner. The application was not received within one year of the date of the incident as the victim feared further assault. The Board extended the time for applying. However, as the victim did not cooperate with authorities in prosecuting the offender, the Board finds the victim must bear 50 per cent of the cost of his expenses. The following expenses were covered: loss of earnings - \$600; damage to clothing - \$50. Total award: \$325.

SUPPLEMENTAL AWARDS

A supplemental award is a one-time payment made to a victim to cover additional expenses, usually medical, which may have been incurred after the initial award. The Board granted 78 supplemental awards to applicants in the last fiscal year. Following are examples:

Decision #1959c-85 **Application No. 231-5**

Victim, female, age 27, was critically wounded August 14, 1982. She was stabbed in the chest, abdomen, hands and arms, underwent extensive surgery and was hospitalized 16 days. She has lost the use of her right hand. In May, 1983, the Board awarded her \$4,282 for lost wages, damaged clothing and miscellaneous expenses, and \$120 for medical reports. In January, 1984, the Board awarded a further \$5,976 for lost wages and \$60 for a medical report. In December, 1984, the Board considered an updated medical report in which the doctor stated the victim will never have full use of her right hand. While the victim could not be considered totally disabled, the Board awarded her \$6,640 for lost wages to cover the cost of retraining and rehabilitation and \$60 for the medical report. In December, 1985, the Board awarded the sum of \$850 to partially cover her expenses in attending law school.
Total awarded to date: \$17,988.

Description #2895-86 **Application No. 160-8**

Victim, male, age 27, was attempting to arrest an impaired driver August 17, 1985. The victim was attacked with a weapon, resulting in a fractured left cheekbone. As the victim was not covered by a provincial health care plan, the Board awarded \$1,627.53 for medical expenses and other pecuniary loss. In addition, the victim was awarded \$1,500 for pain and suffering. Two further medical accounts were subsequently received, so the Board, by a supplemental decision in March, 1986, awarded \$1,041.
Total awarded to date: \$4,168.53.

Decision #2774-85 **Application No. 030-8**

Victim, male, age 33, was abducted and assaulted February 27, 1985. The victim suffered a fracture of his zygomatic arch, contusions to the left side of his face and damage to his teeth. In September, 1985, the Board awarded \$506.80 for lost wages and \$143 for a dental report and part of the dental work. Provision was made for further dental work. Supplemental awards for dental work were made as follows: December, 1985 - \$585.32; December, 1985 - \$1,795.50; and February, 1986 - \$744.79.
Total awarded to date: \$3,775.41.

Decision #2550-84 **Application No. 098-7**

Applicant, female, claims compensation for funeral expenses for her infant daughter who was raped and murdered. In November, 1984, the Board awarded \$494.80 for funeral and related expenses. In December, 1984, the Board made a supplemental award of \$445 for a headstone. As the Department of Social Services and Community Health declined to pay a further account for the funeral, the Board made a supplemental award of \$854.09 in July, 1985.
Total awarded to date: \$1,793.89.

PAIN AND SUFFERING

The ability of the Board to award compensation for what is termed pain and suffering is limited, both by circumstances and amount. Compensation for disfigurement and pain and suffering caused by the injury can only be awarded if the injury occurred while the victim was preventing a crime, making an arrest or assisting a peace officer to do so. The maximum awarded is \$10,000. The total paid last year was \$37,362, compared to \$35,500 the previous year. The scale of these awards is well below that of comparable awards in the civil courts due to the restrictions expressed in the Act. The great majority of these awards are made to police officers who have been injured when they are arresting or pursuing offenders.

Following are examples of pain and suffering payments made in this fiscal year:

Decision #2879-85 Application No. 169-8

Victim, male, age 25, was driving his taxi home at the end of a shift September 20, 1985, when he noticed two men assaulting another man. He stopped to intervene and managed to reach a phone to call police. The attackers left and the applicant followed them to a service station. The attackers then turned on the victim with the wooden handle of a squeegee. The applicant suffered a fractured shoulder and was required to keep his arm in a sling for two-and-one half weeks. The Board awarded \$1,600 for lost wages, \$48 for medical expenses and, as he was attempting to make an arrest, \$750 for pain and suffering.
Total award: \$2,398.

Decision #2808-85 Applicaton No. 070-8

Victim, male, age 39, was attending a company picnic with his family August 18, 1984. He noticed a person turning over tables and approaching his family. In an effort to restrain this person, he was attacked and stabbed by a third person. The Board awarded the victim \$1,000 for lost earnings, \$20 for medication and damaged clothing and \$750 for pain and suffering.
Total award: \$1,770.

Decision #2894-86 Application No. 191-8

Victim, female, age 36, had a female boarder who had previously been assaulted by her boyfriend. On September 30, 1985, the boyfriend came to the victim's home and demanded to see the boarder. The victim denied him access to her home. The

boyfriend broke in the door. While the boarder called police, the victim struggled and held the man until police arrived. The victim suffered a back sprain that resulted in her being absent from work for one month. The Board awarded her \$1,662 for lost earnings, \$301.16 for glasses and medical expenses and \$2,000 for pain and suffering.
Total award: \$3,963.16.

Decision #2734-85 Application No. 008-8

Victim, female, age 24, her sister and a friend attended a tavern April 19, 1984. Her sister was sitting at another table when the victim noticed a female pulling her sister's hair. In her efforts to assist her sister, a male punched the victim in the face. She required extensive dental treatment, most of which was covered by Alberta Blue Cross. The victim was awarded her expenses to attend the hearing and \$1,000 for pain and suffering. The accused paid restitution in the amount of \$200, leaving her net award at \$1,024. In November, 1985, the accused paid further restitution in the amount of \$300 towards the victim's dental expenses.
Total award: \$724.

Decision #2781-85 Application No. 033-8

Victim, female, age 31, was a police officer who was assaulted January 6, 1985 while making an arrest. She suffered a fracture of one finger, a sprain of another and general bruising. As the victim was covered by Workers' Compensation, her claim is limited to pain and suffering, awarded in the amount of \$750.
Total award: \$750.

Decision #2750-85
Application No. 307-7

Victim, male, age 29, while working as manager of a drive-in restaurant, on March 12, 1984, was called to handle a customer who was harassing the staff. The customer was advised to leave the premises. The customer then smashed the cash register. As police had been called, the customer attempted to leave, but the victim restrained

him. The victim suffered bruises and abrasions to his head, a broken nose, sprained finger and wounds from biting. Chiropractic treatment, in the sum of \$274, was awarded as it was the only expense not covered by Workers' Compensation. As the victim was attempting to make an arrest, he was awarded pain and suffering in the amount of \$1,500.
Total award: \$1,774.

PUBLIC AWARENESS

The Board believes that knowledge of the existence and mandate of the Crimes Compensation Board is increasing across the province, although the process is far from complete. One indication of this is the increase in the number of applications filed within a few days of the event.

An information brochure outlining the work of the Board and the relief it can provide has been distributed to police forces, schools, hospitals and interested groups in the province. The police forces have been provided with a summarized information card which is given to a victim when a crime is being investigated.

The Board also wishes to acknowledge and thank the law officers of the Crown for their assistance and is mindful of the conscientious and capable manner in which the Board's staff carry out their responsibilities.

The police departments of both Calgary and Edmonton maintain Victim Services Units to assist victims. This includes assistance in completing applications under the Act.

DECISIONS

The total number of decisions made by the Board in the past fiscal year was 422, divided as follows:

Monthly Awards	47	Supplemental Awards	78	Interim Awards	27
Final Awards	246	Applications Refused	24		

PAYMENTS

Payments made during this past year based on the above decisions were

Monthly Awards — payments	\$303,090.00
— disbursements	<u>27,530.52</u>
Sub-total	\$330,620.52
Interim Awards	128,638.75
Final Awards	287,477.96
Supplemental Awards	<u>47,056.60</u>
Total	\$793,793.83

A breakdown of the awards is as follows:

Loss of Earnings	\$457,237.35
Medical Expenses	103,442.53
Pecuniary Loss to Dependents of Victims	102,131.00
Pain and Suffering	37,362.00
Funeral Expenses	41,663.19
Other Pecuniary Loss	46,162.26
Counsel and Legal Fees	<u>5,795.50</u>
	\$793,793.83

FEES

Fees paid to Board members totalled \$74,620. Their disbursements totalled \$12,965.60, bringing the total paid to the Board to \$87,585.60. The Board held hearings on 42 days; 22 in Edmonton and 20 in Calgary.

TYPES OF CRIMES

Of applications which had a first hearing during the 1985-86 period, the following were noted:

Arson	2	Criminal Negligence in Operation of Motor Vehicle	1
Assault on a Peace Officer	8	Dangerous Use of Firearm	1
Assault Causing Bodily Harm	198	Indecent Assault on a Female	2
Assault with a Weapon	1	Indecent Assault on a Male	1
Attempted Murder	18	Kidnapping	1
Careless Use of a Firearm	1	Manslaughter	2
Causing Bodily Harm by Criminal Negligence	2	Murder	24
Causing Bodily Harm with Intent	1	Rape	2
Common Assault	4	Robbery With Violence	35

RESIDENCE OF APPLICANTS

ALBERTA	Irma	1	Vegreville	1	OTHER COUNTRIES
Airdrie	2	Jasper	1	Vermilion	1
Banff	1	Lethbridge	2	Wabamun	1
Beaverlodge	1	Lloydminster	2	Winfield	1
Blackie	1	Mayerthorpe	1	OTHER PROVINCES & TERRITORIES	
Bonnyville	1	McLennan	1	B.C.	
Bow Island	1	Medicine Hat	10	Ashcroft	1
Bragg Creek	1	Millett	1	Delta	1
Calgary	118	Morinville	1	Maple Ridge	1
Calmar	1	Okotoks	1	New Westminster	2
Cluny	1	Onoway	1	Vancouver	4
Cochrane	1	Pincher Creek	1	N.W.T.	
Cold Lake	1	Ponoka	1	Yellowknife	1
Colinton	1	Redcliff	1	Ontario	
Devon	1	Red Deer	5	Lakefield	1
Edmonton	92	Sherwood Park	1	Toronto	1
Fairview	1	South Cooking Lake	1	Windsor	1
Falher	1	St. Albert	4	Saskatchewan	
Fort McMurray	2	Stettler	1	Mont Nebo	1
Fort Saskatchewan	3	Stony Plain	1	Onion Lake	1
Gleichen	1	St. Paul	2	Prince Albert	1
Grande Prairie	2	Strathmore	1		
Hanna	1	Taber	1		
High Prairie	3				
Hobbema	1				

STATISTICAL SUMMARIES OF AWARDS **1969-1986**

Year	Loss of Earnings	Medical Expenses	Pecuniary Loss to Dependents	Pain and Suffering	Funeral Expenses	Other Pecuniary Loss	Counsel & Legal Fees	TOTALS
1985-86	\$457,237	\$103,443	\$102,131	\$37,362	\$41,663	\$46,162	\$ 5,796	\$793,794
1984-85	583,529	145,644	78,390	35,500	51,050	48,894	9,720	952,727
1983-84	563,212	123,695	79,310	49,350	74,568	65,272	8,679	964,086
1982-83	425,858	101,021	32,830	45,700	53,788	55,673	9,681	724,551
1981-82	297,800	45,991	51,805	37,950	23,674	26,746	5,651	489,617
1980-81	302,328	39,637	45,789	24,150	24,577	31,302	7,025	474,808
1979-80	365,081	45,175	41,582	21,450	42,034	27,512	7,730	550,564
1978-79	301,217	32,621	30,577	17,036	43,695	27,123	8,580	460,849
1977	267,759	31,355	36,370	26,200	21,298	20,665	8,012	411,659
1976	219,314	23,379	32,320	35,200	5,744	45,106	10,268	371,331
1975	162,881	11,229	41,390	3,500	1,114	9,451	5,710	235,275
1974	131,967	10,336	17,127	8,000	1,248	9,081	4,540	182,299
1973	72,753	8,690	9,841	8,750	3,374	5,973	2,214	108,221
1972	83,941	8,212	19,697	11,570	561	3,761	2,514	133,069
1971	47,178	6,810	8,350	3,610	741	2,677	2,292	71,478
1969-70	39,692	5,105	521	5,250		10,596	2,589	64,493

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